

EXHIBIT C

The “610 Office” that I Witnessed

By Hao Fengjun

First of all, let me express my sincere gratitude to the invitation of Dr. Charles, the Vice President of the Human Rights Committee of the European Parliament. As a result I have this opportunity to briefly submit to the Committee what activities the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) is currently engaged in through my personal experience.

1. The “610 Office” Truly Exists

In 1994 I graduated from the Law Department in Nankai University in Tianjin. After graduation, I was assigned to work at Tianjin City Public Security Bureau. In October 2000, I was transferred to the “610 Office” under Tianjin Public Security Bureau. Since the Staffing Committee of the Tianjin City Party Committee had not granted the establishment of such a “610” organization at the time, the “610 Office” did not have any legal status. As a result, our personnel files were kept at the original work units.

1) Naming of the “610 Office”

From 1999 to 2003, the “610 Office” was called the “Office to Deal with the Falun Gong Problem.” From 2003 to present, it is known as “The Office of Preventing and Handling Evil Cult Crimes (Bureau or Department)”.

2) Structure of the “610 Office” Nationwide

Up until now, the CCP has never acknowledged the existence of the “610 Office” – an organization similar in nature to Nazi Germany’s Gestapo, which specializes in persecuting Falun Gong and other religious dissidents. Recently at an international press conference, the assistant to the CCP’s Minister of Foreign Affairs, Sheng Guofang, again publicly denied the existence of the “610 Office.” Many who do not know the true nature of the CCP may well believe the lie that is repeated a thousand times by the CCP. Some may even question the authenticity of this organization that Falun Gong practitioners have been mentioning in various reports and investigations in recent years. I hope to take advantage of this opportunity today to tell this inside story of the CCP using my own experience. Through this you will understand that the CCP is merely putting on a show when talking about human rights issues with you. You do not know what is really happening in China under the CCP’s rule.

On the 7th of June 1999, Jiang Zemin who was the General Party Secretary of the CCP’s Central Committee at the time, held a meeting among the Politburo members of the CCP. During the meeting, Jiang gave a speech to “Swiftly handle and solve the ‘Falun Gong problem’.” In the speech, he announced a leadership team would be formed at the CCP’s Central Committee with the sole mission of dealing with the “Falun Gong problem.” Three days later, on the 10th of June 1999, the CCP Central Committee established the “Office to Deal with the Falun Gong Problem,” also known as the “Central Committee 610 Office.”

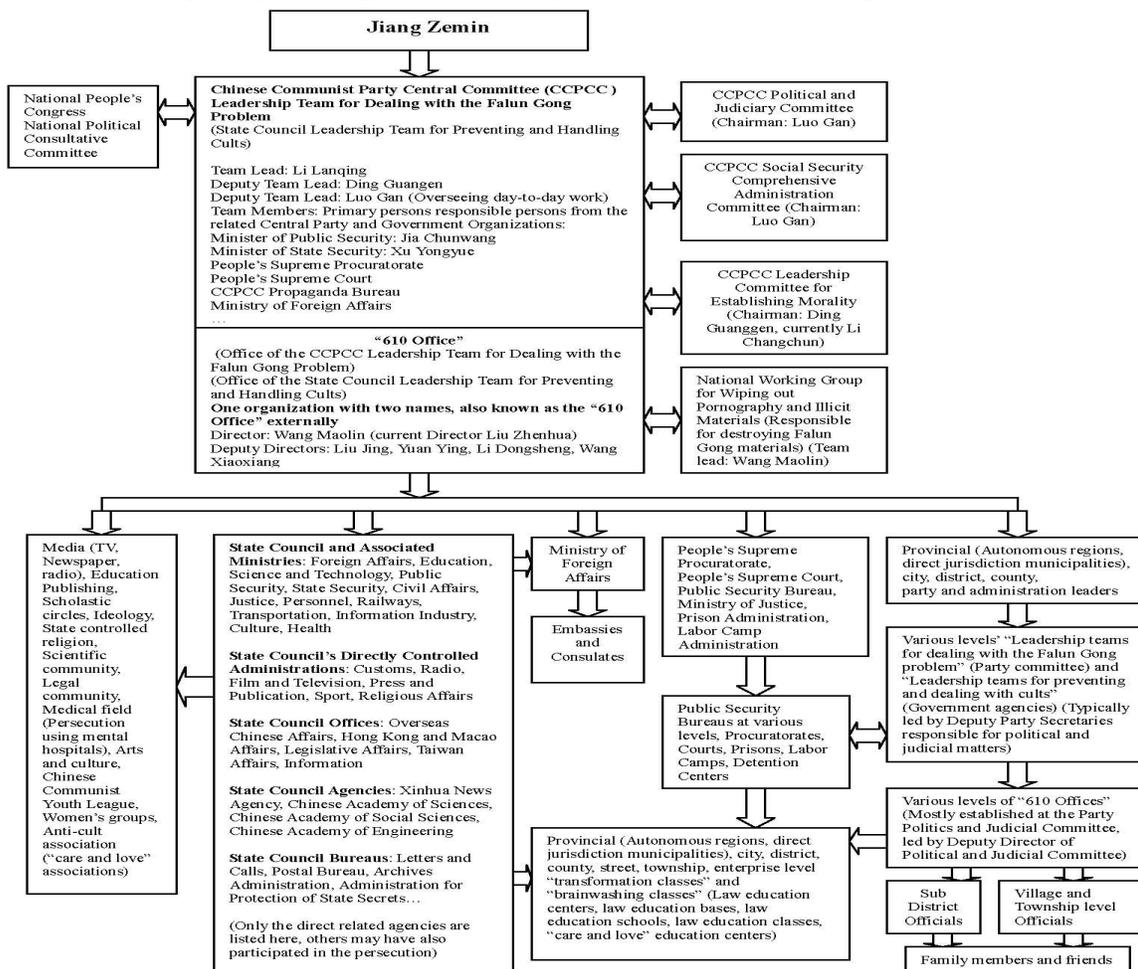
There is an “Office to Deal With the Falun Gong Problem” from the CCP’s Central Committee all the way down to each local CCP party branch. The “610 Office” has full powers to drive and coordinate the persecution of Falun Gong nationwide. In an ordinary work unit, the “610 Office” is combined with the security department of that unit. In the Public Security system, however, the “610 Office” is an independent department specializing in arrests and intelligence, which belongs directly to Bureau 26 of the Ministry of Public Security (Bureau 26 is the “610 Office” of the Ministry of Public Security, also known as the Bureau of Preventing and Handling Evil Cult Crimes).

After several re-organizations, reinforcements, and name changes, the “610 Office” still to this day possesses superior power over other organizations at the same level. Its jurisdiction extends to churches as well as other Qigong and spiritual groups that do not believe in the CCP (including 14 different kinds of Qigong, 14 various kinds of religion). At the beginning of the CCP’s persecution of Falun Gong, the “610 Office” appeared in news reports. However, it has never been mentioned in any formal legal document, governmental document or public document at the CCP’s Central Committee level. The reason is its existence is illegal even according to the current Chinese legislations.

Besides its central office in Beijing, the “610 Office” has branches in all the Chinese cities, villages, governmental agencies, institutions, and schools. In terms of its establishment, structure, reporting mechanism, operation and funding, the “610 Office” is an organization that is allowed to exist outside of the established framework of the CCP and the Chinese government. There is a “610 Office” organization chart on the website of the World Organization to Investigate the Persecution of Falun Gong. In my opinion, it accurately reflects how the “610 Office” can exert comprehensive control over Falun Gong as well as other unsanctioned religions and dissidents without any legal footing. The “610 Office” is very similar in nature to Nazi Germany’s Gestapo and the “Central Committee of the Cultural Revolution” during the Chinese Cultural Revolution. Allow me to explain in detail: (Chart 1)

“610 Office” Network for Persecuting Falun Gong

Prepared by World Organization to Investigate the Persecution of Falun Gong (WOIPFG)



2. Witnessing the tortures suffered by Falun Gong practitioners with my own eyes

I have seen the cases of many tortured Falun Gong practitioners with my own eyes. The most unforgettable one was when I just walked into the 610 Office.

In 2001 our city's 610 Office was investigating a special case filed as "Case 10.3", a case of spreading Falun Gong leaflets.

By the end of 2001 this case was ranked highly by the police. At that time the "10.3" case put about 70 Falun Gong practitioners under arrest all in one day. On a February night in 2002, I received a phone call from my company, where I was told to hurry back to where I worked with another policewoman to take a Falun Gong practitioner to hospital. When we arrived at the detention centre we saw the Falun Gong practitioner, Sun Ti, who looked like a housewife in her fifties. She sat on the

bench in the interrogation room, and her legs were buckled by plywood onto the bench. Her eyes were beaten to slits. When she was interrogated the policeman would hold a half-metre-long, blood-stained steel rod with screws in it. After we sent the interrogator outside, Sun Ti turned around and lifted her top. We were flabbergasted. On her back there was almost no natural skin colour, and it was black and purple all over! There were also 2 cracked cuts that were 20cm long. Fresh blood was slowly seeping out of the wound.

A bit later on the director of Tianjin 610 Office also came. He ordered us not tell this incident to anyone, and said that Sun Ti's wounds were already healed. When her scabs fell off, we would prosecute her again and start the investigation again. I and the other policewoman applied medicine for Sun Ti for a month. During my time with Sun Ti, she asked me everyday about the whereabouts of her child. My heart was broken. Deprived of her parents and unable to take refuge in her relatives' house (because all of Sun Ti's relatives were under surveillance), what does a 14-year-old eat, where does she sleep in the outside world? Those few days I was fidgeting and worried when I came back to my office. As a conscientious person, I regretted to be unable to stop all of this, and my mind was on fire.

What had befallen the mother and daughter and the miserable atrocities which I witnessed often appeared in my dreams. I could not sleep at all, and was even more disappointed, hopeless and despaired for China's future, and for my future as a policeman. This incident was a great mental transition for me, and foreshadowed my coming to Australia at last.

3. The CCP's public security system – the 610 Office's premeditated, organized and well-planned infiltration of the West

On 26th June 2001, a conference called “National Public Security System 610 Office's Secret Powers 3 Year Plan” was held in Tianjin city, China.

The main agenda of the conference was to deploy a scheme to dispose secret powers and missions against Falun Gong, both inside and outside of China, which would be accomplished within 3 years. The program demanded seaside cities to take charge of espionage activities all over the world on a large scale. If they could, they should send diplomats to embassies overseas. Within three years, they must have researched all information about Falun Gong practitioners and persons-in-charge overseas, furthermore their persons-in-charge in every province in China before they went overseas. The principle for foreign spies was to secretly gather any information about any Falun Gong practitioner, including his or her real name, passport name, address, telephone number and age etc. regardless of whether the person attends Falun Gong appeal activities on a regular basis or not. The secret agents would report these information back to China, then the local 610 Office would report to Beijing's Public Security Bureau number 26 (also known as Public Security Bureau 610) who would report it to the Ministry of Foreign affairs, and finally the Ministry of Foreign Affairs would feedback to each embassy. This is why every Chinese Embassy has a blacklist. Public Security Bureau 26 would then carry through a charge, which was to send the blacklist to airports and seaports everywhere for surveillance. When the person tried to enter the customs, the port's computer system would display this person's name and relevant information. This person would be detained and taken away after the local police station has been notified.

This scheme was put out by formal documents, but the specific operations were defined by each province and city. Apart from Falun Gong practitioners, similar means of supervision were used for dissidents and religious individuals.

In April 2003, the 610 Office enlarged its function, and merged other religious faiths into the domination of the 610 Office. The “3 Year Scheme”, along with others, was carried out on 14 other religions which were classified as “evil cults” by the CCP.

Secret powers have many ways of hiding within a country. They could be disguised as merchants, students etc. They could take advantage of fraud companies and were sent to Western countries in the name of commerce or studying. Excluding being sent to embassies, the CCP also bought off or bribed merchants and Chinese people outside the country. The CCP often arranges counterespionage tasks for them, and uses these “special workers” to compile information of all kinds.

I used to be responsible for analyzing the situation of North American and Pacific religious persons and dissidents. In 2001 I received a piece of intelligence from Denmark on my colleague’s behalf, who was in charge of European information. It was a piece of information about a Falun Gong practitioner called Zhu Xuezhi and it contained photos of Zhu doing the exercises in Denmark. Afterwards I found out that they closed down Zhu’s self-owned company in Tianjin and confiscated his property. During this period of time this colleague of mine (in charge of intelligence from Europe) showed me Zhu’s letter of appeal for asylum in Denmark in addition to photocopies of his family members’ passports. This speaks volumes for the fact that there is a same enormous network of CCP’s secret agents in action in Europe.

From what I understand, the nation’s Ministry of Finance gives away 70,000,000 Yuan to the 30 people in Bureau 26, which adds up to 2,300,000 every person on average every year, in order to fund the activities. Apart from that, every province and every city’s police station also receives appropriation of between hundreds of thousands to 20 million every year. The 610 Office’s economical income can be approximately categorized into several classes below:

<u>Means of income</u>	<u>Source</u>	<u>Ways of distribution</u>	<u>Expense direction</u>	<u>Example</u>
1. Wage	Local finance		610 staff	
2. Business outlay	Local finance		610 Office expenses	Tianjin station – 250,000 every year; Beijing and Shanghai – about 7 million; Bureau 26 at above 70,000,000
3. Bonuses and benefits	Local finance	Shared out according to the number of arrested Falun Gong practitioners. The more you arrest the bigger the reward.	610 staff	
4. Outlay of special local events	Local finance	Applied at any time	610 staff and intelligence agents (known as secret powers)	
5. Bonuses for local intelligence	Local finance	Money distributed by a rank at the end of the year		50 Yuan for every piece in Tianjin

6. Outlay of outlandish and foreign intelligence	Bureau 26	Applied at any time	
7 Bonuses for outlandish or foreign intelligence	Bureau 26	Money distributed by a rank at the end of the year	Outlands – 200 Yuan every piece; Special foreign intelligence rewards are as high as hundreds of thousands of Yuan. First class – about 50 thousand, second class – 3000 to 10,000 Yuan, third class – 3000 Yuan.

4. CCP panicked by the Nine Commentaries and Tuidang (Quit the CCP) and desperately cracks down on the Nine Commentaries

Since the publication of "Nine Commentaries" in November 2004, the Chinese Communist Party has ordered the national "6-10" offices with highest alert status to prevent the "Nine Commentaries" from spreading in Mainland china, to regard the dissemination of the "Nine Comments" as a "special case". The 6-10 Office has put the names of resignations posted on *The Epoch Times* Tuidang (Quit the CCP) website into a database for investigation and, once there is data to match the names, the people are punished, sentenced to either jails or labour camps. The public security bureau continuously monitors each website of Falun Gong 24 hours a day. For example, as soon as *The Epoch Times* published the names of people who have resigned from the CCP, those names will be imported into a database about Falun Gong and perform a search. If the name matches a data in the database, then the corresponding information will be passed to related sub-bureau to handle.

Under the CCP's severe control, no one can have the freedom, no matter you are willing to join in or withdraw from the CCP. In the CCP's public security bureau, if you want to be promoted, you must be a CCP member; this is the most basic condition. But you absolutely cannot withdraw from the CCP freely. Here I have a secret document about quitting the CCP named "Counter-Cult Intelligence Information (268)" issued on 14th December 2004.

Finally I want to say that I am very happy to see the business exchanges between Europe and China. But I still would like to remind the kind-hearted European people and governments that, you should understand what is really happening inside China, don't be hoodwinked by the CCP's false figures. The CCP is actually deceiving you.

Once again, many thanks to the invitation of Dr. Charles, vice-president of the Human Rights Commission of the European Parliament.

Thank you everybody.

